# INTEGRATION

# BY REVERSE CHAIN RULE

(WITHOUT ANSWERS)

#### **Question 1**

1. 
$$\int 3x(x^2-1)^4 dx$$

$$2. \quad \int x^2 \left(1 - 4x^3\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$3. \int 4\sin^3 x \cos x \, dx$$

$$4. \int \sin x \cos^2 x \ dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{10x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 7}} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \quad \int 6x \, \mathrm{e}^{x^2} \, dx$$

$$7. \int \tan^4 x \sec^2 x \ dx$$

$$8. \int \sec^4 x \tan x \ dx$$

$$9. \quad \int e^{\sin 2x} \cos 2x \ dx$$

$$10. \int \frac{\ln x}{x} \, dx$$

11. 
$$\int \sqrt{\cos x \sin 2x} \ dx$$

12. 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5x}} dx$$

#### **Question 2**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{x^4 + 2} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4-x^3} \, dx$$

$$3. \qquad \int \frac{4x}{x^2 - 1} \, dx$$

$$4. \qquad \int \frac{3x^2}{1+x^3} \ dx$$

$$\int \frac{3e^{2x}}{e^{2x}-1} dx$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \qquad \int \frac{4\sec^2 x}{\tan x} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{x}{9x^2 + 1} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{8.} \qquad \int \frac{\csc^2 x}{1 + \cot x} \, dx$$

$$9. \qquad \int \frac{4x}{x^2 - 10} \, dx$$

$$10. \qquad \int \frac{2^x}{2^x + 1} \, dx$$

#### **Question 3**

$$1. \quad \int \frac{x}{x^2 - 9} \, dx$$

$$2. \quad \int \frac{10x}{x^2 - 9} \, dx$$

$$3. \quad \int \frac{3x}{4 - 2x^2} \, dx$$

$$4. \int \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 1} \, dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{2x+6}{x^2+6x+1} \, dx$$

$$7. \quad \int \frac{3^x}{3^x + 1} \, dx$$

$$8. \int \frac{5^{2x}}{5^{2x} + 3} \, dx$$

$$9. \quad \int \frac{x-2}{x^2-4x-2} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{10.} \int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} \, dx$$

#### **Question 4**

$$1. \int \frac{x}{\left(x^2-1\right)^3} \ dx$$

$$2. \int \cos x \sin x \ dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{4x}{\sqrt{1-2x^2}} \, dx$$

$$4. \quad \int \sec^2 x \left(1 + \tan^2 x\right) \, dx$$

$$5. \int \sec^2 x (1 + \tan x) \ dx$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \quad \int \sec x \tan x \sqrt{\sec x + 1} \ dx$$

7. 
$$\int \tan^2 x \sec^2 x \ dx$$

$$\mathbf{8.} \quad \int \mathrm{e}^{\sin x} \cos x \ dx$$

$$9. \quad \int \sqrt{\sin x \cos^2 x} \ dx$$

**10.** 
$$\int (2x+1)(x^2+x+1) dx$$

#### **Question 5**

1. 
$$\int (2x+1)\sin(x^2+x+1) dx$$

2. 
$$\int (x+1)\cos(x^2+2x+1) dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{1}{x(1+\ln x)^3} dx$$

$$4. \quad \int 4 - \cos^4 x \sin x \ dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^3 x} \, dx$$

$$6. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+2\tan x}}{\cos^2 x} \, dx$$

$$7. \quad \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin x}} \, dx$$

$$8. \int \frac{1}{x \ln x} \, dx$$

$$9. \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x \tan^4 x} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{10.} \int \sin^3 2x \cos 2x \ dx$$

#### **Question 6**

$$1. \int \frac{\cos(\ln x)}{x} \, dx$$

$$2. \quad \int \frac{3x}{\sqrt{4-2x^2}} \ dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^4 x} \, dx$$

$$4. \int \cos x \sin^3 x \ dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^4 x} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \quad \int \mathrm{e}^x \sin\left(\mathrm{e}^x\right) \, dx$$

$$7. \quad \int \sin 2x \cos^4 2x \ dx$$

8. 
$$\int 3x^2 \left(4 - 2x^3\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

$$9. \int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2x + 3}} \, dx$$

$$\mathbf{10.} \int \sin 2x \cos 2x \ dx$$

#### **Question 7**

$$1. \int \frac{(\ln x)^2}{x} \, dx$$

$$2. \quad \int (x+1) (x^2 + 2x + 1)^4 \ dx$$

$$3. \int \sin x \cos^4 x \ dx$$

$$4. \int \sec^3 x \tan x \ dx$$

$$5. \quad \int x \left(3 + x^2\right)^4 dx$$

$$\mathbf{6.} \quad \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^3 x}} \, dx$$

$$7. \quad \int \cos x \sqrt{\sin x} \ dx$$

$$8. \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\left(1 + \tan x\right)^3} \, dx$$

$$9. \int \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sqrt{\cos 2x + 1}} \, dx$$

$$10. \int \frac{\ln x^2}{x} \, dx$$

#### **Question 8**

1. 
$$\int 3x^2 \left(4 - 2x^3\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

$$2. \quad \int \frac{\mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$4. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \, dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\cos^2 \sqrt{x}} \, dx$$

$$6. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \, dx$$

$$7. \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}} \, dx$$

$$8. \int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^5 x} \, dx$$

$$9. \quad \int x\sqrt{1-x^2} \ dx$$

$$\mathbf{10.} \int \sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt{x}+3}{4x}} \ dx$$

#### **Question 9**

1. 
$$\int_0^2 \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}} dx = 4(\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

$$2. \int_0^{36} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} \left( \sqrt{x} + 2 \right)} dx = \ln 16$$

$$3. \int_0^3 \frac{x}{x^2 + 9} \ dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2$$